

# Case 3

**Bhaumik Shah, MD, FCAP**

**Fellow, advanced hematopathology (Molecular)**

**Fox Chase Cancer Center**

# Case 3

- ❖ An 84-year-old male with history of CLL , on BTK inhibitor and history of high-grade urothelial carcinoma
- ❖ New diagnosis of lung adenocarcinoma
- ❖ Presented for lung segmentectomy with mediastinal lymph node dissection

## Digital Pathology (Whole Slide)

Mediastinal Lymph node(s) dissection Level 10L

[View Slides](#)

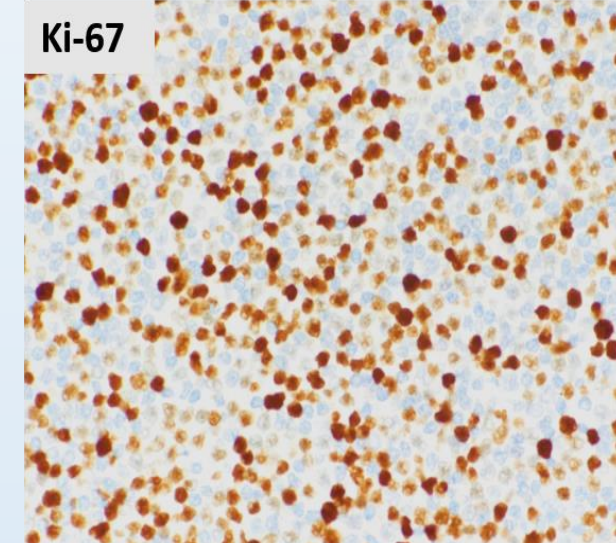
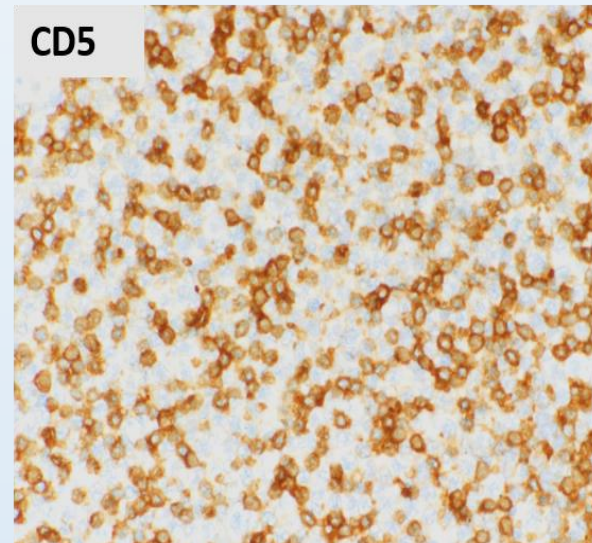
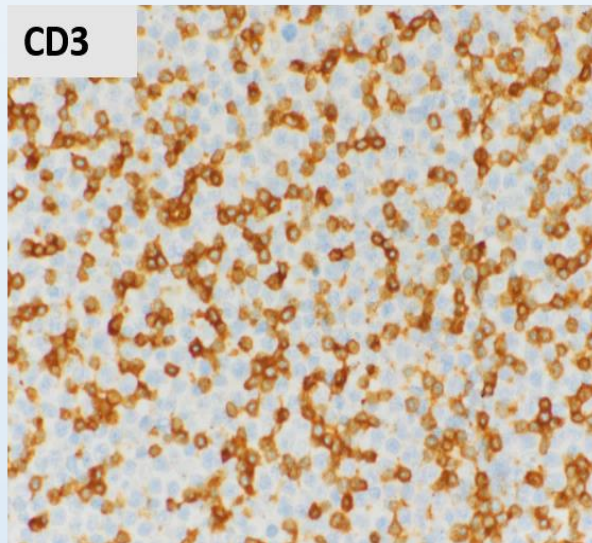
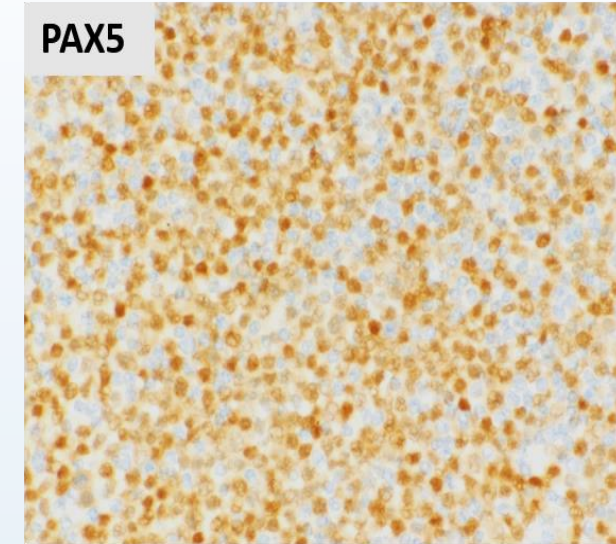
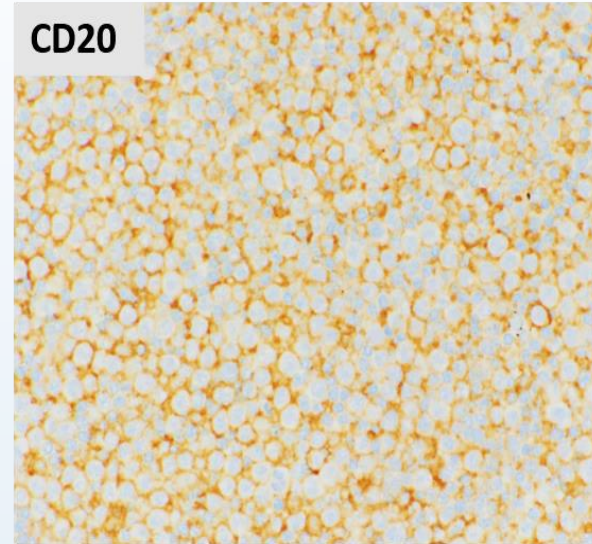
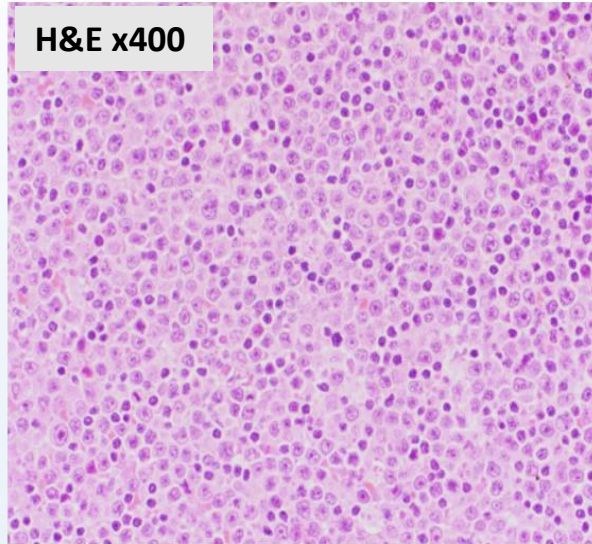
# Summary of IHC (Case 3)

❖ Lymphoma cells are

**positive for  
CD20, PAX5, CD5 (subset),  
BCL2**

Ki-67 proliferative index is  
50%.

**negative for  
CD10, BCL6, MUM1, cyclin  
D1, MYC, CD30, and CD3.**





# Details of peripheral blood and Flow cytometry

Peripheral blood (Oct 2020):

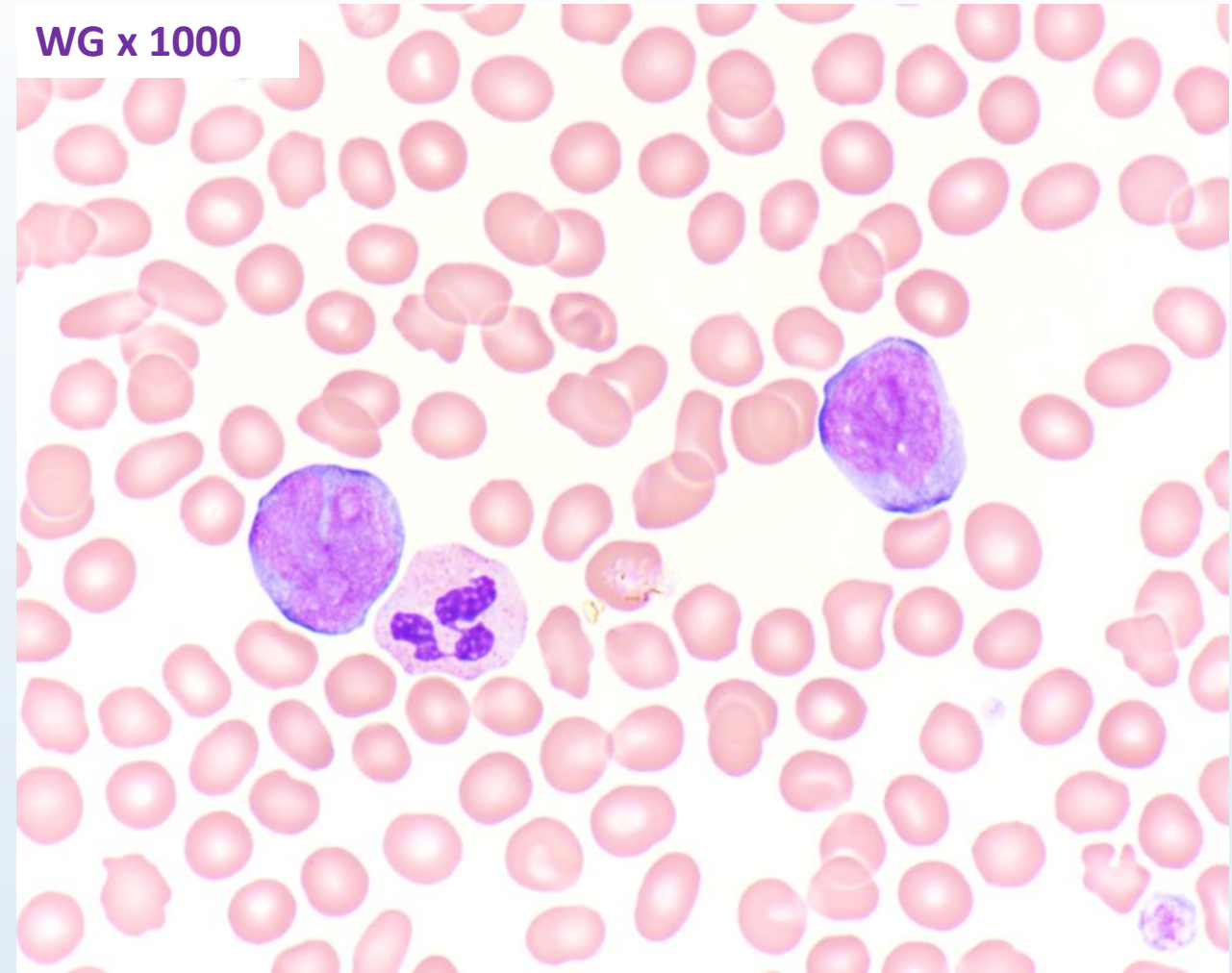
WBC: 23.7 K/mm<sup>3</sup>

Flow cytometry:

Gated Lymphs: 38%

Kappa-restricted B-cells (82%)

CD19, CD20(dim)+, CD23+, FMC7-,  
CD5+, CD79b+, CD38+, CD10-

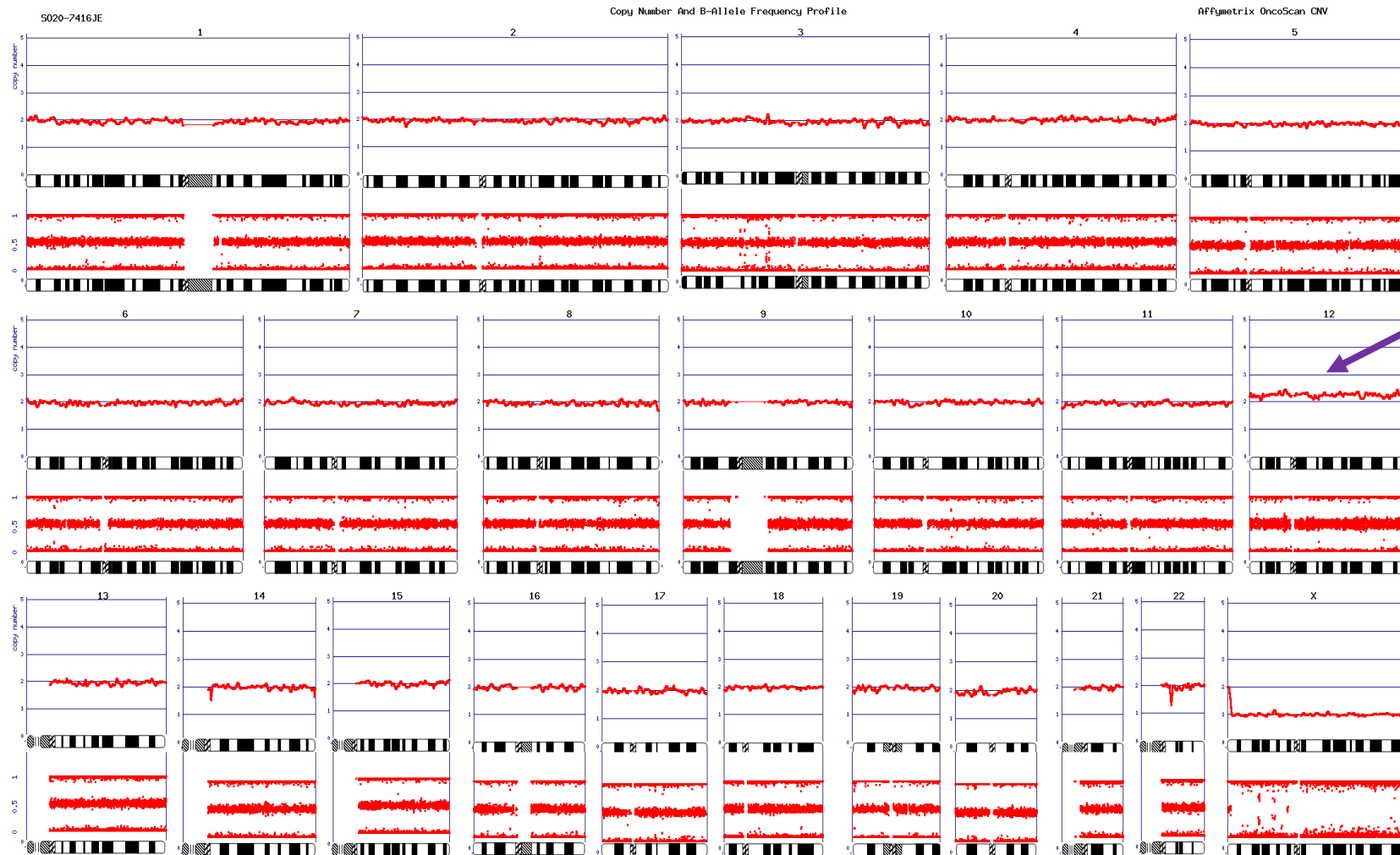


Numerous circulating atypical medium to large sized lymphoid cells with irregular nuclei and prominent nucleoli

# Diagnosis ???

Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma, consistent with Richter transformation of chronic lymphocytic leukemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma (CLL/SLL)

# Cytogenetics: Case 3



❖ Cytogenomic microarray analysis (CMA) detected **trisomy 12** in a mosaic state representing about **30% of cells**.

❖ **FISH** negative for MYC amplification and rearrangements of BCL6, MYC, BCL2 genes.

# Molecular studies: Case 3

NGS (275 gene panel)

Gene	Protein Change	cDNA Change	Allele Freq	Significance
<b>BCOR</b>	p.Glu1348fs (E1348fs)	c.4038_4039delAG	29.7%	<b>TIER 2</b>
Tumor Mutation Burden: 4.8 Muts/Mb				



Ibrutinib withheld a week prior the surgery

Diagnosis ???

# Interesting Feature(s) of Submitted Case

- ❖ **Briefly interruption of** a single agent BTK inhibitor by a scheduled oncologic surgery.
- ❖ **An incidental finding** of lymph nodes with histologic evidence of **DLBCL and circulating large B-cells**.
- ❖ **No clinical signs or symptoms of transformation.**
- ❖ No cytogenetic and molecular **evidence of progression.**
- ❖ The patient did not resume any CLL-directed therapy post-operatively for approximately 2.5 years until he had progression of CLL which prompted resumption of BTK-targeting therapy (no evidence of hypermetabolic LNs on PET-CT imaging)
- ❖ Alive as per last follow up

# Final Diagnosis:

**“Pseudo-Richter’s Transformation”** of Chronic lymphocytic leukemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma **following cessation of BTK-inhibitor therapy**

- a small case series (Slonim et al., 2020)

- 5 patients (Four males/one female)

- Ibrutinib cessation for surgery or acute infection

Retrospective review (Hampel et al., 2020)

143 patients

ibrutinib cessation temporarily for peri-procedural management or drug toxicity.

A case report (Min Shi et al., June 2024)

1 patient

Acalabrutinib cessation (3 days before and after right ear resection)

> Br J Haematol. 2020 Oct;191(1):e22-e25. doi: 10.1111/bjh.16948. Epub 2020 Jul 17.

## Pseudo-Richter transformation of chronic lymphocytic leukaemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma following ibrutinib interruption: a diagnostic pitfall



Liron Barnea Slonim<sup>1</sup>, Shuo Ma<sup>2,3</sup>, Amir Behdad<sup>1,2</sup>, Qing Chen<sup>1</sup>

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 32677079 DOI: 10.1111/bjh.16948

> Oncologist. 2020 Nov;25(11):974-980. doi: 10.1634/theoncologist.2020-0388. Epub 2020 Sep 20.

## Disease Flare During Temporary Interruption of Ibrutinib Therapy in Patients with Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia



Paul J Hampel<sup>1</sup>, Timothy G Call<sup>1</sup>, Kari G Rabe<sup>2</sup>, Wei Ding<sup>1</sup>, Eli Muchtar<sup>1</sup>, Saad S Kenderian<sup>1</sup>, Yucui Wang<sup>1</sup>, Jose F Leis<sup>3</sup>, Thomas E Witzig<sup>1</sup>, Amber B Koehler<sup>1</sup>, Amie L Fonder<sup>1</sup>, Susan M Schwager<sup>1</sup>, Daniel L Van Dyke<sup>4</sup>, Esteban Braggio<sup>3</sup>, Susan L Slager<sup>2</sup>, Neil E Kay<sup>1</sup>, Sameer A Parikh<sup>1</sup>

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 32886416 PMCID: PMC7648348 DOI: 10.1634/theoncologist.2020-0388

Case Reports > Mayo Clin Proc. 2024 Jun;99(6):867-868. doi: 10.1016/j.mayocp.2024.01.015.

Epub 2024 Apr 30.

## Pseudo-Richter Transformation of Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia/Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma After Temporary Acalabrutinib Interruption



Min Shi<sup>1</sup>, Ji Yuan<sup>2</sup>

Affiliations — collapse

### Affiliations

<sup>1</sup> Hematopathology Division, Department of Laboratory Medicine and Pathology, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, MN.

<sup>2</sup> Hematopathology Division, Department of Laboratory Medicine and Pathology, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, MN. Electronic address: yuan.ji@mayo.edu.

Histologic evidence of DLBCL

resumption of ibrutinib led to resolution.

Of four patients who underwent biopsy, **two** had evidence of histologic transformation (vs CLL alone in other two patients)

- Asymptomatic
- Aberrant CD5
- No evidence of disease on PET/CT

## Take Home Message

- ❖ Larger studies will be needed to better characterize this underrecognized phenomenon.
- ❖ Pseudo-Richter transformation can be effectively managed by resuming BTK inhibitor therapy